

**Nuclear
Safety Workshop**

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Idaho National Laboratory Advanced Test Reactor Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA)

September 2012

History of PRA for the ATR

- ▶ PRA studies began in the late 1980s
- ▶ 1989, ATR PRA published as a summary report
- ▶ 1991, ATR PRA full report
- ▶ 1994 and 2004 various model changes
- ▶ 2011, Consolidation, update and improvement of previous PRA work
- ▶ 2012/2013, PRA risk monitor implementation

Purpose/Goal of the ATR PRA

- ▶ The PRA supports the ATR Updated Final Safety Analysis Report (UFSAR)
- ▶ The PRA provides sufficient information regarding either core or fuel damage (CDF or FDF) to enable ATR personnel to make risk informed decisions
- ▶ Improved performance in facility operation, testing, maintenance, training, and emergency procedures
- ▶ Ensure cost-effective approaches and the setting of priorities for plant upgrades and modifications, especially for risk reduction/system improvements
- ▶ Evaluate multiple overlapping contingent controls and equipment outages

PRA Applications

- ▶ Assess increases (or decreases) in risk as the plant changes due to equipment failures or maintenance activities (e.g., Risk Monitor)
 - Train Work Week Managers, Operations, and Engineering to use for evaluating work weeks, daily operations, and planning activities performed during operations and shutdown modes.
- ▶ Assistance in categorizing Structures, Systems, and Components (e.g. Safety Class, Safety Related)
- ▶ Changes to licensing basis (SAR, TSRs) such as completion times
- ▶ Inservice inspection and testing

ATR PRA Modules

- ▶ Power Operations (Includes Power Operations greater than ~3MW)
- ▶ Shutdown and Fuel Handling (Includes operating states less than ~3MW)
- ▶ Internal Flood
- ▶ Internal Fire
- ▶ Seismic
- ▶ ATR Confinement

Power Operations Module

- ▶ 40 initiating events (e.g., cask drop, small LOCA)
- ▶ 51 system functional criteria (e.g., forced flow for 30 minutes, vessel venting)
- ▶ 86 fault trees (e.g., core emergence makeup, secondary heat removal)
- ▶ 2680 basic events (e.g., cooling pump fails to run, emergency pump fails to start, operator fails to actuate valve)
- ▶ 24 ATR systems modeled (e.g., deep wells, plant protection system)
- ▶ Meets ASME/ANS Standard RA-Sa-2009 capability category II criteria (All 6 modules)
- ▶ Independently reviewed by highly experienced PRA experts from the commercial power industry (All 6 modules)
- ▶ Forms the basis for all other ATR PRA Modules

Shutdown and Fuel Handling Module

- ▶ Replicated Power Operations Module 6 times and modified each to specifically represent each plant operating state.
- ▶ Plant Operating States (POSs) modeled (original POSs 5-7 subsumed in other POSs)
 - POS 1, Transition From Pressurized with EFIS in Auto to Depressurized with EFIS in manual
 - POS 2, Depressurized Shutdown, Vessel is Vented, Fuel in the Core
 - POS 3, Depressurized Shutdown, Actively Transferring Fuel Into or Out of the Reactor
 - POS 4, Reactor Defueled
 - POS 8, Transition From Depressurized with EFIS in Manual to Pressurized with EFIS in Auto
 - POS 9, Low Power Operation, Startup and Transition to Power Operations, PCS >100 psig, Automatic EFIS
 - POS 10, Power Operations – Separate Module
- ▶ Constructed module such that 1 flag (logic switch) can be set and then solve any individual POS

Internal Flood Module

- ▶ 296 initiating events (e.g., fire protection pipe flood, gland seal spray in pump motor room, demineralized water spray in second basement)
- ▶ System functional criteria of power operations module
- ▶ Modified power operations module fault trees to consider flood and spray damage
- ▶ Calculations to determine time to flood critical equipment depending on the piping system flow and location of the assumed break or spray
- ▶ Consideration of penetrations (e.g., ventilation ducts, cable trays, drain gutters, door jam space, stair wells)

Internal Fire Module

- ▶ 150 initiating events (screened many more)
- ▶ System functional criteria of power operations module
- ▶ Modified power operations module fault trees to consider damage caused by fire (e.g., transient fire, cable tray, running motor, high energy arc faults) and possible fire protection actuation.
- ▶ Fires modeled via CFAST considering zones of influence and smoke layers resulting in time to reach combustion of overhead components and fire sprinkler actuation

Seismic Module

- ▶ Site specific seismic hazard curve.
- ▶ Specialized event tree for the unique nature of seismic events
- ▶ Modified power operations module fault trees to consider damage caused by seismic events (e.g., both random faults and seismic damage – ~ 300 plant specific seismic fragilities are considered)
- ▶ Sensitivity studies for the site hazard curve and acceleration specific variations

Confinement Module

- ▶ Initiating events derived from CDF and FDF power operations module results
- ▶ Considers timing, material, and component inactions during core melt progression
- ▶ Individual sequences resulted in 22 source terms
- ▶ Considers the specific initiating event regarding which systems may still be functional (e.g., firewater injection, building spray, power supplies) including whether the initiating event causes a confinement breach (e.g., drop events)
- ▶ Release progression throughout the building and evaluates confinement bypass (large early release fraction)
- ▶ Sensitivities studies for ventilation failures (e.g., dampers) and whether ventilation fans continue to run when they shouldn't

Core Damage Frequencies

ATR PRA Module	Point Estimate of CDF (1/yr)	Mean of CDF (1/yr)
Power Operations	5.1E-06	5.5E-06
Fuel Handling and Shutdown (irradiated fuel in the vessel, in transit, or stored in the canal)		
• Depressurized/vented	2.1E-07	1.8E-07
• Depressurized moving fuel	1.7E-07	1.6E-06
• Reactor Defueled	6.6E-07	5.9E-07
• Transition from depressurized to pressurized	2.5E-05	2.4E-05
• Low power operation	2.1E-07	2.0E-07
Internal Flood	8.4E-06	9.8E-06
Internal Fire	3.0E-05	2.8E-05
Seismic	4.1E-05	2.7E-03
Level 2 (LERF)	1.1E-06	1.1E-06

Dominant Full-Power Accident Sequences

Event Description	Frequency/year	% Total
Canal draining from non-cask drop	1.1 E-06 (1 in .9 million)	21.4%
Large LOCA	1.0 E-06 (1 in 1 million)	19.3%
Forklift load drop	9.0 E-07 (1 in 1.1 million)	17.5%
Loss of commercial power	5.1 E-07 (1 in 1.96 million)	10%

Insights

- ▶ There are no dominant sequence groups indicating mitigation systems are appropriate
- ▶ Environmental aspects of important components need to be evaluated to credit their potential safety function (e.g., fire water spray on switchgear and digital systems)
- ▶ Operating procedures and training emphasizing the importance of vessel venting and proper operation of firewater injection could be improved
- ▶ Replacing open cable trays with solid bottom cable trays above some buses could provide an effective thermal barrier
- ▶ Buildings housing support equipment are seismically weak and should be upgraded or equipment moved
- ▶ Upgrade unqualified primary piping (completed)
- ▶ Confinement release is dominated by load drop events and most large releases are due to stored fuel vs. the core

Recent Uses of the PRA

- ▶ Modeled secondary coolant system component replacement during operations to show insignificant change in risk
- ▶ Evaluated broken firewater valve to determine its importance in reactor startup
- ▶ Evaluated various configurations of running diesel generators to determine allowed outage time (completion time)
- ▶ Evaluated station blackout (similar to 10 CFR 50.63 and NRC Regulatory Guide 1.155)
- ▶ Determined risk significant components in support of system health program
- ▶ Ongoing evaluations of various design options for converting plant electrical systems to commercial power with diesel/battery backups

ATR Risk Monitor Equipment Selection

Change Plant Operating Equipment

Select new states for one or more components.
 Locate the components you want to change by clicking on the system to which it belongs. Then choose a new state for the component.

[*] Components states shown are for the given date/time: 03/04/2012 02:00 PM

Click on a system to view its associated components. Click the new state of a component.

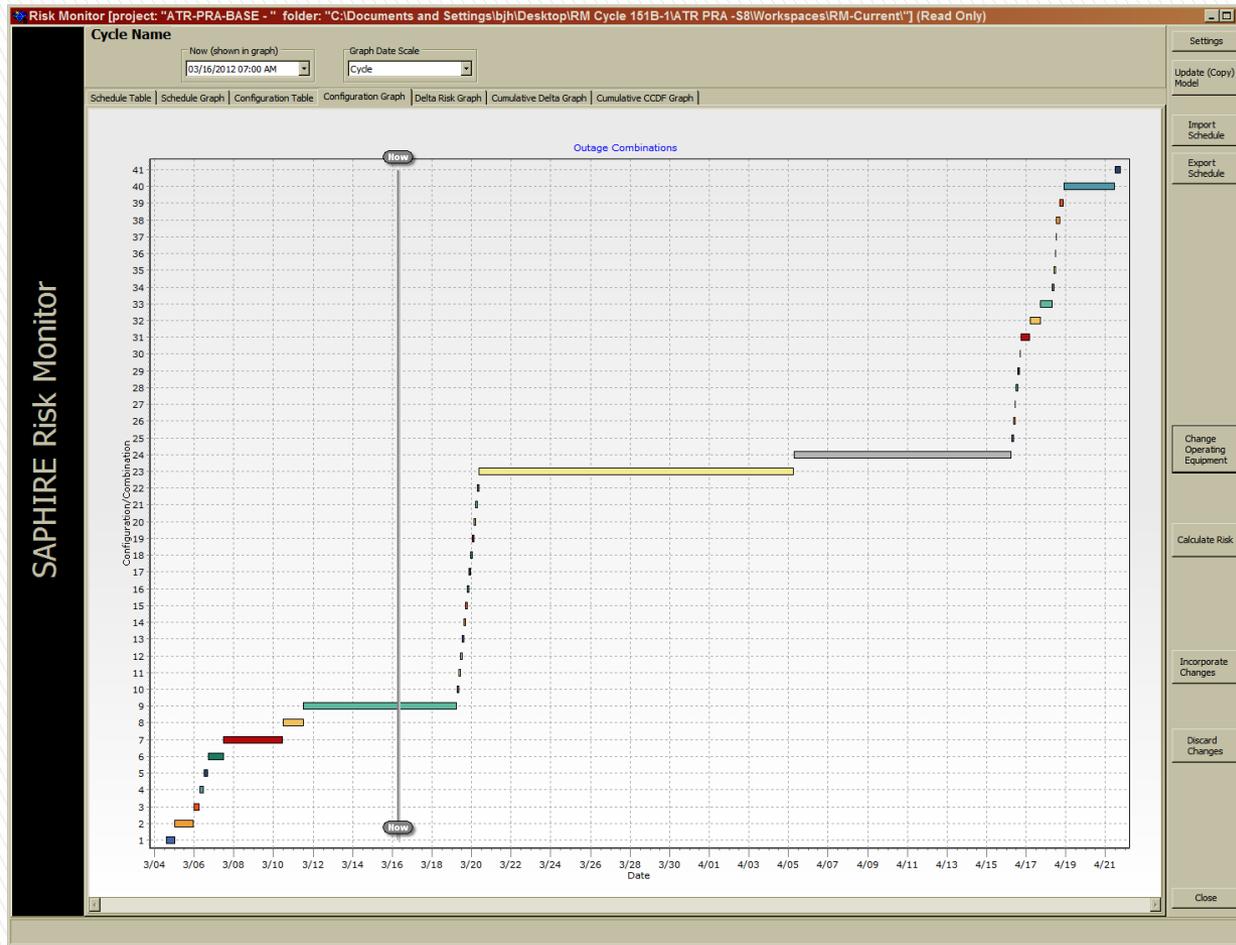
Component	Component Desc	State [* indicates given current state]	Start Time	End Time	Events	Change Set
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0000E82	Regulating rod control distribution panel 120/208v 670-E-82	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-SS-0000E82-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0000E83	Regulating rod control distribution panel 120/208v 670-E-83	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-SS-0000E83-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0000IP1	Instrument channel #1 breaker panel IP-1	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0000IP1-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0000IP2	Instrument channel #2 breaker panel IP-2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0000IP2-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-00670E85	208/120 V panel 670-E-85	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-00670E85-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-00671E45	Breaker panel 671-E-45 (RPU power supply)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-00671E45-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0670E115	Utility UPS panel 670-E-115	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0670E115-0000=B BBP-BAC-FF-0670E115-INIT=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0670E116	Utility UPS panel 670-E-116	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0670E116-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0670E117	Instrument UPS panel 670-E-117	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0670E117-0000=B BBP-BAC-FF-0670E117-INIT=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0670E446	DCS power panel 670-E-446	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0670E446-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAC-0670E456	UPS power panel 670-E-456	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Energized[*] <input type="radio"/> Deenergized			BBP-BAC-FF-0670E456-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAT-0001CE30	Battery 1C-E-30 for LOCS UPS 670-E-63	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In service[*] <input type="radio"/> COOS			BBP-BAT-LP-0001CE30-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAT-00609E39	Battery 609-E-39	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In service[*] <input type="radio"/> COOS			BBP-BAT-LP-00609E39-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAT-00670E58	Battery bank 670-E-58	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In service[*] <input type="radio"/> COOS			BBP-BAT-FF-00670E58-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAT-00670E59	Battery bank 670-E-59	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In service[*] <input type="radio"/> COOS			BBP-BAT-FF-00670E59-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAT-0PPSE11A	PPS panel E-14A battery E-11A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In service[*] <input type="radio"/> COOS			BBP-BAT-FF-0PPSE11A-0000=B	
<input type="checkbox"/> BBP-BAT-0PPSE11B	PPS panel E-14B battery E-11B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In service[*] <input type="radio"/> COOS			BBP-BAT-FF-0PPSE11B-0000=B	

Related Diagrams

Show All Checked Uncheck All Components

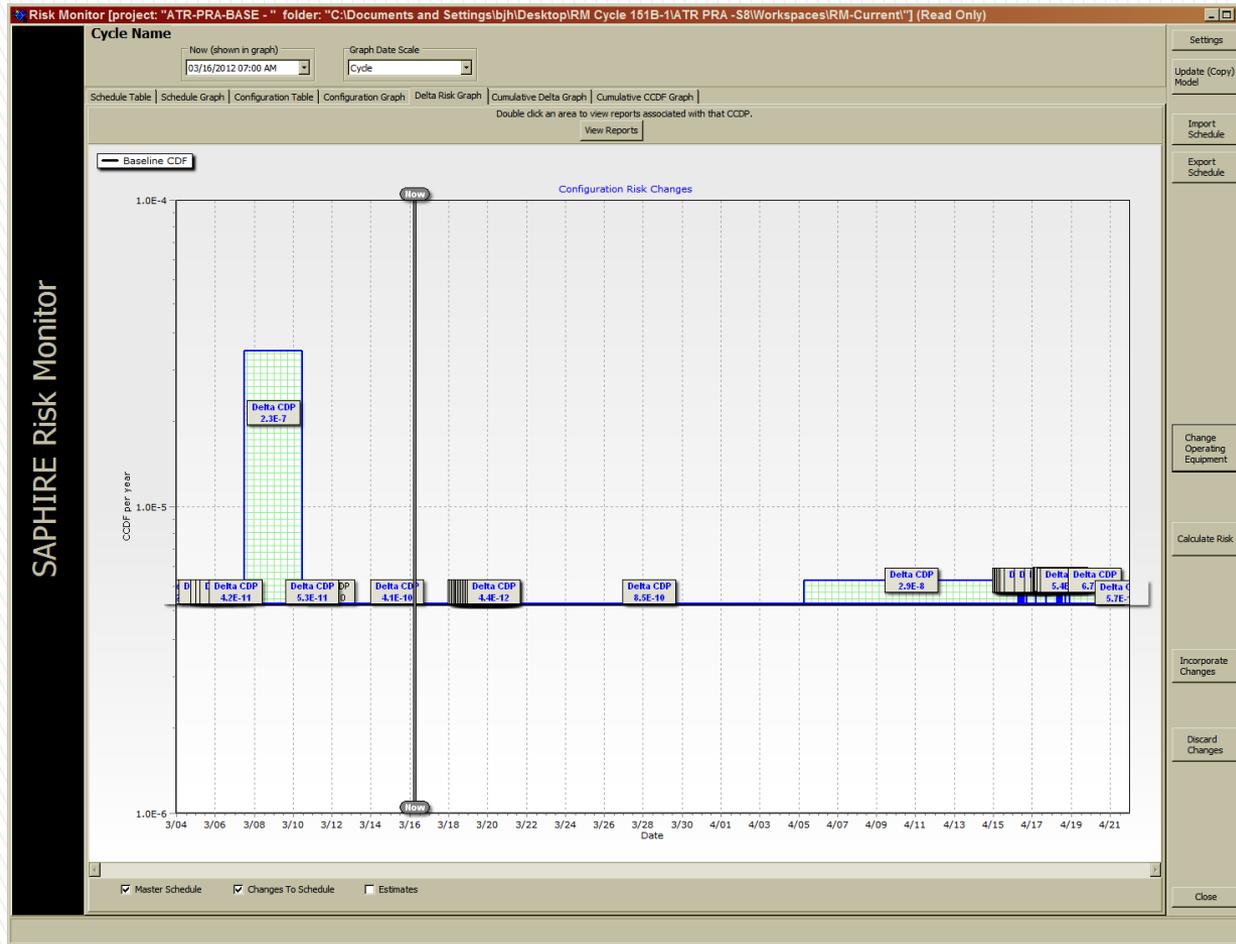
Next > Cancel

ATR Risk Monitor Cycle Configurations



ATR Risk Monitor Example

CCDF



ATR Risk Monitor Example Cumulative CDP

